SUBJECT No. 8.

Introduction of the Mamlatdar's Act.

(a) Messrs. C. Naraharaiya and B. Chennalingappa, Nelamangala taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(a) Amildars may be empowered to decide disputes arising between the lessors and lessees of lands, as the adjudication of such matters in the Civil Courts is very expensive and troublesome. The subject was discussed last year. The reply of Government was that a Committee of Enquiry would be appointed to investigate and advise as to the desirability of legislation on this subject. An act similar to the Bombay Mamlatdar's Act may therefore be introduced into the State at an early date.

Per contra.

(b) Mr. S. R. Balakrishna Rao, Shimoga Municipality.

(*b*) It is not known whether any Committee has been appointed to consider the bill drafted on the model of the Bombay Mamlatdar's Act, and if so what the opinion of the Committee is regarding the advisability or otherwise of introducing the bill into Mysore. The Act has been in force in Bombay for the past 30 years and has not done any good there. It only helps to multiply litigation as an appeal from the decision of a Mamlatdar lies to a subordinate Civil Court or to a High Court. Our Amildars have got multifarious duties, so that if they are to be vested with this power also they will not have enough time to attend to their important duties. It will also be inconvenient to invest the Sub-Division Officers with this power. Further as the procedure under the Act is very summary, there is likely to be great failure of justice. The Act may therefore be dropped.

Reply of Government.—The subject was considered and it was found inexpedient to invest the Amildars with civil powers as under the Act. The question of the introduction of the bill will therefore be dropped.

SUBJECT No. 9.

Prevention of the use of milch-cows for ploughing purposes.

Mr. Baji Rao Sindhe, Kankanhalli taluk.

Summary of discussion.—In some taluks, for instance Kankanhalli, there is a practice of using milch-cows for ploughing purposes. This practice is not only contrary to the Hindu *Dharma*, but is detrimental to the production of good breed. It may be put an end to by legislation.

Some members stated that the practice referred to above was not generally prevalent and that only cows which had ceased to calve were sometimes used for ploughing purposes.

Reply of Government.—The proposal is impracticable.

SUBJECT No. 10.

The Elementary Education Bill of the Honourable Mr. Gokhale.

Mr. Ramanuja Iyengar, Gubbi taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's Elementary Education Bill may be introduced into our State. Prior to its introduction, arrangements may be made like the Japan Popular Education Association to encourage industries suited to the qualifications of professional men of different places by establishing libraries